

# Index

## A

- ABC1*, 188  
**ABPA**. *See* Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis  
*Acanthamoeba castellanii*, 10  
*Ace2*, 69  
*Acrophialophora*, 520  
*Acrophialophora fusispora*, 520  
**AD**. *See* Atopic dermatitis  
**AD-HIES**. *See* Autosomal dominant hyper-immunoglobulin E syndrome  
Adenylate kinase, lysis assay for drug development, 277  
*ADH5*, 172  
*Adh5*, 371  
*AFR1*, 370  
*Afr1*, 367  
**AIDS**. *See* HIV/AIDS  
*AIF1*, 84  
Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA), 439  
*Als3*, 168–169, 202, 220–223, 245, 293, 417–418  
ALS proteins, 164–165  
*Alternaria*, 14, 521–522  
*Alternaria alternata*, 124, 519, 521–522  
*Alternaria chlamydospora*, 521–522  
*Alternaria dianthicola*, 521  
*Alternaria infectoria*, 521–522  
*Alternaria longipes*, 521  
*Alternaria tennissima*, 521  
Amphotericin B  
    adverse effects, 328  
    biofilms in resistance, 173–174  
    candidiasis management, 339–340, 352  
    *Cryptococcus* treatment, 342–345, 350–351  
    endemic fungi infection management, 357  
    entomophthoramycosis management, 506–507  
    invasive aspergillosis management, 355  
    mechanism of action, 272  
    mucormycosis management, 487–488  
    pharmacodynamics of lipid formulations, 307–308  
    structure, 273  
*AN2690*, 279–280  
**Aneuploidy**. *See also* Ploidy change  
    consequences, 83–85  
    loss of heterozygosity, 84–85  
    mechanisms in generation, 81–83  
    overview, 80–81  
**Anhidrotic ectodermal dysplasia with immunodeficiency (EDA-IE)**, 153  
**Anidulafungin**  
    candidiasis management, 340  
    structure, 273  
**Antibody directed cell toxicity**, 108  
**Antibody therapy**. *See* Immunotherapy  
**Antifungals**. *See* Drug development; *specific drugs*  
**APECED**, 105, 150–151  
*App1*, 185  
*APRI*, 239  
*ARG4*, 68–69  
*Armellaria mellea*, 26  
**Ascomycetes**, 196  
**Ascomycota**, 4–8, 11–14, 23–25, 33, 120  
*Ashbya gossypii*, 196  
**Aspergillosis**. *See* Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis; Invasive aspergillosis  
**Aspergillus**  
    evolution, 24, 27, 31  
    overview, 12–14  
*Aspergillus flavus*, 52, 435–436  
*Aspergillus fumigatus*  
    amino acid metabolism, 240  
    aspergillosis. *See* Invasive aspergillosis  
    B-cell immunity, 107–108  
    biofilm, 162, 170, 173–174  
    carbon assimilation, 240, 243  
    cell invasion  
        adherence mechanisms, 224–225  
        molecular mechanisms, 224  
        overview, 223–224  
    clinical trials  
        overview, 354–355  
        prospects, 355  
    dendritic cell  
        immunotherapy, 290  
        response, 94, 97  
    diagnosis, 265  
    drug resistance, 368  
    ecology, 433  
    evolution, 24, 26–29, 32  
    innate immunity, 121–122, 124, 126–127  
    iron metabolism, 246  
    laboratory identification and biology, 433–436  
    macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 184–185  
    overview, 12–13  
    pattern recognition receptors, 100

## Index

- Aspergillus fumigatus* (*Continued*)  
ploidy change, 75–77  
section *Fumigati*, 432–433  
sexual reproduction  
    drug resistance role, 53  
    other *Aspergillus* species, 521  
    overview, 51  
    pathogen population biology significance, 52–53  
    sexual cycle, 51–52  
T-cell immunity, 107  
vaccination, 291  
zinc assimilation, 247
- Aspergillus lentulus*, 52–53
- Aspergillus nidulans*  
aspergillosis. *See* Invasive aspergillosis  
chronic granulomatous disease, 146  
laboratory identification and biology, 433–436  
morphogenesis, 195, 198  
ploidy change, 76–78
- Aspergillus niger*, 52, 434–436
- Aspergillus oryzae*, 197
- Aspergillus terreus*, 52, 434–435
- AspF2, 247
- Ato5, 238
- Atopic dermatitis (AD), *Malassezia* role, 475–476
- Atx1, 397
- Aureobasidium*, 522
- Autosomal dominant hyper-immunoglobulin E syndrome (AD-HIES), 148–149
- Autosomal recessive hyper-immunoglobulin E syndrome, 153
- Axl2, 198
- B**
- Backusella circina*, 494
- Bad1, 228
- Basidiobolus*  
    clinical features, 502–503  
    diagnosis, 505–506  
    ecology, 496–497  
    epidemiology, 496–497  
    evolution, 25  
    life cycle, 499  
    management, 506–507  
    overview, 5–4, 494–495  
    pathogenesis, 502  
    taxonomy, 495–498
- Basidiobolus heterosporus*, 497
- Basidiobolus lacerate*, 497
- Basidiobolus meristosporus*, 497
- Basidiobolus microspores*, 497
- Basidiobolus ranarum*, 4, 496–497, 488.503, 506–507
- Basidiomycetes, 196–197
- Basidiomycota, 8–11, 25–26, 120
- Basidomycota, 14
- Batrachochytrium*, 25
- B cell, pathogen response, 107–108
- BCR1*, 165, 168
- Bcr1, 167, 169, 420
- Bcy1, 203
- Bgl2, 172
- Biatriospora*, 522
- Biatriospora mackinonii*, 522
- Bin1, 207
- Biofilm  
    comparative genomics, 168–169  
    drug resistance  
        azoles, 371  
        echinocandins, 374  
    extracellular matrix  
        *Candida*  
            drug resistance role, 170–171  
            eDNA in drug resistance, 173  
            glucan production, 171–172  
            production, 169–170  
        *Aspergillus* drug resistance, 173–174  
    genetic control of development, 162, 164–168  
    multispecies biofilms, 168  
    prospects for study, 174  
    rationale for study, 161–162  
    species and clinical significance, 163–164
- Bipolaris*, 14, 522
- Bipolaris australiensis*, 522
- Bipolaris hawaiiensis*, 519, 522
- Bipolaris spicifera*, 522
- Black fungi  
    *Acrophialophora*, 520  
    *Alternaria*, 520–522  
    antifungal therapy, 530–531  
    *Aureobasidium*, 522  
    *Biatriospora*, 522  
    *Bipolaris*, 522  
    *Chaetomium*, 523  
    *Chladophialophora*, 523  
    clinical spectrum of diseases, 518–521  
    *Curvularia*, 523  
    *Cyphellophora*, 523–524  
    diagnosis, 529–530  
    *Exophiala*, 524–525  
    *Exserohilum*, 525  
    *Falciformispora*, 525  
    *Fonsecaea*, 525–526  
    *Hortaea*, 526  
    *Knufia*, 526  
    *Madurella*, 526  
    *Medicopsis*, 526  
    *Neoscytalidium*, 526–527  
    *Ochroconis*, 527  
    overview, 517–518  
    *Phaeoacremonium*, 527

- Phialophora*, 527  
*Phoma*, 527–528  
*Pseudochaetosphaeronema*, 528  
*Pyrenophaeta*, 528  
*Rhinocladiella*, 528  
*Trematosphaeria*, 528–529  
*Veronaea*, 529  
*Verruconis*, 529  
*Blastomyces*, 4–5, 24, 27  
*Blastomyces dermatitidis*  
    cell invasion, 228  
    diagnosis, 266  
    epidemiology, 452  
    evolution, 26  
    morphogenesis, 201, 205  
    T-cell immunity, 102, 107  
    thermal dimorphism, 452–453  
    vaccination, 292  
*Bni1*, 199  
*Brg1*, 204  
*Bud1*, 198  
*Bud3*, 198  
*Bud4*, 198  
*Bud8*, 198  
*Bud9*, 198
- C**
- CalA*, 224  
*CAN1*, 239  
*CAN2*, 399  
*Candida*  
    evolution, 24, 28, 30–31  
    overview, 11–12  
    pathogens, 413–414  
    taxonomy, 413–416  
    treatment principles. *See Candida treatment principles*  
    vaginosis mycobiome, 560  
*Candida albicans*  
    aneuploidy, 80, 82, 85  
    B-cell immunity, 107–108  
    biofilm  
        comparative genomics, 168–169  
        drug development, 276  
        extracellular matrix  
            drug resistance role, 170–171  
            eDNA in drug resistance, 173  
            glucan production, 171–172  
            production, 169–170  
        genetic control of development, 162, 164–168  
        multispecies biofilms, 168  
    carbon assimilation, 240–244  
    cell invasion  
        endothelial cell, 122–123  
        epithelial cell, 119–122  
    drug resistance, 367–368, 370–371  
    epidemiology, 413–414  
    evolution, 26–28, 30–33  
    genome profiling  
        gene-deletion methods, 68–69  
        homozygous knockouts, 69  
        industry collections, 69–70  
        resources, 65  
        transcription factor knockouts, 69  
    genome studies, 416–419  
    innate immunity, 121–122, 124–126, 129  
    iron metabolism, 245–246  
    life cycle and genome, 67–68  
    macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 180–184  
    morphogenesis, 200–209  
    nitrogen assimilation, 237–240  
    overview, 11–12  
    parasexual reproduction, 47–51  
    pattern recognition receptors, 100–102  
    ploidy change, 74–75, 77–79  
    vaccination, 291, 294  
    zinc assimilation, 247  
*Candida dubliniensis*  
    evolution, 26, 31  
    genome studies, 418–419  
*Candida glabrata*  
    carbon assimilation, 240  
    drug resistance, 370–371  
    epidemiology, 413–414  
    evolution, 33  
    genome studies, 420–422  
    iron metabolism, 245–246  
    macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 180–184  
    nitrogen assimilation, 237, 239  
    overview, 11  
    zinc assimilation, 247  
*Candida guilliermondii*, 420  
*Candida krusei*  
    epidemiology, 413–414  
    overview, 11  
*Candida lusitaniae*, 1, 420, 77, 82  
*Candida metapsilosis*, 28  
*Candida orthopsilosis*, 28  
*Candida parapsilosis*  
    biofilms 166, 168–169  
    cell invasion, 223  
    epidemiology, 413–414  
    evolution 28  
    genome studies, 419–420  
    nitrogen assimilation, 237  
    overview 11  
*Candida* treatment principles  
    antifungal agents and spectrum of activity, 340  
    clearance confirmation, 339

## Index

- Candida* treatment principles (*Continued*)  
  clinical trials  
    overview, 352–353  
    prospects, 353  
  disseminated infection  
    bone, 341  
    central nervous system, 341  
    endocardium, 341  
    eye, 339  
    renal tract, 339, 341  
drug resistance. *See Drug resistance*  
general treatment principles. *See Treatment principles*, mold infection  
meningoencephalitis in HIV, 339  
overview, 337–338  
rapid and effective antifungal therapy, 338  
source removal, 338  
therapy modification according to species  
  determination and susceptibility  
  testing, 338
- Candida tropicalis*  
  epidemiology, 413–414  
  evolution, 28  
  genome studies, 77, 419–420  
  overview, 11
- Cap1p, 183
- Carbon assimilation  
  central carbon metabolism  
    regulation in host niches, 242–243  
    regulatory rewiring, 241–242  
  overview, 240–241  
  virulence factor impact, 243–244
- CARD9, signaling defects and fungal infection  
  susceptibility, 152–153
- Caspase-1, 129
- Caspofungin  
  candidiasis management, 340  
  mechanism of action, 274  
  structure, 273
- CatB, 188
- CatP, 188
- Cbp1, 202, 455
- Ccc1, 247
- Ccc2, 397
- Cch1, 206
- CD11b, 224
- CD18, 224
- CD44, 226–227
- Cdc3, 200
- Cdc10, 200
- Cdc11, 200
- Cdc12, 200
- Cdc35, 208
- Cdc42, 194–195, 198–200, 206
- Cdk1, 206
- CDR1*, 367–369, 372–373
- CDR2*, 367–368, 370
- CDR3*, 367
- CDR4*, 367
- CDR11*, 367
- CFEM proteins, 164, 169, 173
- Cf1*, 209, 225
- CfmA*, 224
- CfmC*, 224
- Cfo1*, 246, 399
- Cft1*, 246
- CGD. *See Chronic granulomatous disease*
- Chaetomium*, 523
- Chaetomium atrobrunneum*, 523
- Chaetomium funicola*, 523
- Chaetomium globosum*, 523
- Chaetomium perlucidum*, 523
- Chaetomium strumarium*, 523
- Chitin synthase, drug resistance, 374–376
- Chladophialophora*, 523
- Chladophialophora arxii*, 523
- Chladophialophora bantiana*, 523
- Chladophialophora boppii*, 523
- Chladophialophora carriponni*, 523
- Chladophialophora devriesii*, 523
- Chladophialophora emmonsii*, 523
- Chladophialophora saturnica*, 523
- Chromoblastomycosis, 518
- Chronic granulomatous disease (CGD),  
  fungal infection susceptibility, 141,  
  146, 439
- Chs2*, 375
- Chs8*, 375
- Cir1*, 247, 399
- Cla4*, 199
- Cladophialphora bantianum*, 14
- Clinical trials. *See Drug development*
- Cln1*, 207
- Clostridium difficile* diarrhea, mycobiome,  
  558–560
- CLR. *See C-type lectin*
- CMV. *See Cytomegalovirus*
- CNA1*, 397
- Cnc1560*, 197
- CnPlb1*, 186
- Coccidioides*, 4–5, 7, 24, 27, 31–32
- Coccidioides immitis*  
  evolution, 23, 26–29, 31–32  
  host defense, 487  
  innate immunity, 127  
  macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication,  
    186–187  
  morphogenesis, 201  
  overview, 4  
  T-cell immunity, 102  
  thermal dimorphism, 453–454  
  vaccination, 291

- Coccidioides posadasii*  
evolution, 27, 31–32  
macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 186–187  
overview, 4  
thermal dimorphism, 453–454  
vaccination, 291
- Comparative genomics, fungus evolution, 30–32
- Complement fixation, diagnostics, 259
- Complement receptor 3 (CR3), 128
- Conidiobolus*  
clinical features, 502–505  
diagnosis, 505–506  
ecology, 496–497  
epidemiology, 496–497  
life cycle, 499–501  
management, 506–507  
overview, 3–4, 494–495  
pathogenesis, 502  
taxonomy, 495–496, 498, 500–501
- Conidiobolus brefeldianus*, 496
- Conidiobolus coronatus*, 4, 496, 500–501, 503–504, 507
- Conidiobolus firmipelleus*, 496
- Conidiobolus incongruus*, 4, 496, 501, 505
- Conidiobolus lampragues*, 496, 500, 504–505
- Conidiobolus minor*, 498
- Conidiobolus osmodes*, 496
- Conidiobolus pumilus*, 496
- Conidiobolus rhyosporus*, 496
- Conidiobolus thromboides*, 496
- Conidiobolus utriculosus*, 498
- Contact sensing, hyphal morphogenesis, 206
- Copper, transport, 247
- CotH2, 228
- CotH3, 228
- CpcA, 240, 248
- CPS1, 227
- CR3. *See* Complement receptor 3
- CRAG test, 344
- CrAg LFA, diagnostics, 265–267
- Cryptococcus*  
evolution, 24–25, 30  
overview, 8–11  
treatment principles. *See* *Cryptococcus* treatment principles
- Cryptococcus gattii*  
aneuploidy, 81  
*Cryptococcus neoformans* comparison  
genotype, 393–394  
phenotype, 393  
diagnosis, 266  
ecology, 387–388  
environmental sensing and response, 399–400  
epidemiology of infection, 389  
history of study, 386  
immune response and pathogenesis, 389–390
- Cryptococcus neoformans*  
life cycle, 391–392  
macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 185–186  
overview, 8–10, 25, 28, 42, 44–46  
stress response and signaling, 400–402  
virulence factors  
capsule  
melanization, 397  
regulation of formation and secretion, 396–397  
structure and synthesis, 394–395  
degradation enzymes, 398–399  
growth at body temperature, 397–398
- Cryptococcus neoformans*  
aneuploidy, 81, 83–84, 86  
antibody therapy, 287–289  
B-cell immunity, 107–108  
biofilm, 174  
carbon assimilation, 242–243  
cell invasion, 225–227
- Cryptococcus gattii* comparison  
genotype, 393–394  
phenotype, 393  
diagnosis, 264–265  
drug resistance, 367, 391  
ecology, 387–388  
environmental sensing and response, 399–400  
epidemiology of infection, 388–389  
evolution, 25, 27–29, 32–33  
genome profiling  
capsule-independent phagocytosis inhibition, 66  
cross-species genetic interaction mapping, 67  
gene-deletion methods, 65–66  
resources, 65  
SREBP pathway in virulence, 66–67  
systematic genetic analysis of virulence, 66
- history of study, 385–386
- host defense, 487
- immune response and pathogenesis, 389–390
- innate immunity, 121–122
- iron metabolism, 246–247
- life cycle, 64, 391–392
- macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 182, 185–186
- morphogenesis, 196–197, 205, 208
- overview, 8–10
- ploidy change, 74–76, 79–80
- sexual reproduction, a- $\alpha$  opposite sex bisexual reproduction  
genetic hybrid studies, 44  
monokaryotic fruiting, 43  
overview, 42  
population genetics studies, 45–47  
unisexual reproduction, 43–44  
virulence links, 47
- stress response and signaling, 400–402

## Index

### *Cryptococcus neoformans* (Continued)

- T-cell immunity, 104–105, 128
- taxonomy and nomenclature, 386–387
- vaccination, 292
- virulence factors
  - capsule
    - melanization, 397
    - regulation of formation and secretion, 396–397
  - structure and synthesis, 394–395
  - degradation enzymes, 398–399
  - growth at body temperature, 397–398

### *Cryptococcus neoformans* var. *grubii*, 9–10, 28, 394

- ### *Cryptococcus* treatment principles
- clinical trials
    - overview, 350–351
    - prospects, 351–352
  - complications contributing to persistent or relapsed infection, 344–345
  - CRAG screening and preemptive treatment, 344
  - drug resistance. *See Drug resistance*
  - general treatment principles. *See Treatment principles*, mold infection
  - immunity restoration and inflammation management, 343–344
  - intracranial pressure elevation management, 343
  - meningoencephalitis in HIV, 342–343
  - overview, 341–342
  - rapid and effective antifungal therapy, 342–343
  - risk stratification, 342
  - toxicity minimization, 343

### C-type lectin (CLR), overview, 98–100

### *CSH1*, 172, 371

### CSMA, 376

### CSMB, 376

### *CSP1*, 419

### *CSP2*, 419

### CspA, 224

### *Csy1*, 239

### Cta1p, 183

### *Ctr1*, 247

### *Curvularia*, 14, 523

### *Curvularia aeria*, 523

### *Curvularia brachyspora*, 523

### *Curvularia clavata*, 523

### *Curvularia geniculata*, 523

### *Curvularia inaequalis*, 523

### *Curvularia lunata*, 519, 523

### *Curvularia pallens*, 523

### *Curvularia verruculosa*, 523

### Cyclosporine A, 489

### CYP51A. *See Erg11*

### *Cyphellophora*, 523–524

### *Cyphellophora pluriseptata*, 520

### Cyr1, 202–203, 205–206, 208

### Cytomegalovirus (CMV), 330

## D

- Dandruff, *Malassezia* role, 475
- DC. *See Dendritic cell*
- DC-SIGN, innate immunity, 128
- Dectin-1
  - CARD9 signaling defects and fungal infection susceptibility, 152–153
  - gut inflammation role, 559–560
  - pathogen recognition, 100, 105, 126–127, 179–180, 290
- Dectin-2, pathogen recognition, 100–101, 127
- Dectin-3, pathogen recognition, 101
- Deferasirox, mucormycosis management, 488
- Deferoxamine, mucormycosis risks, 485
- Dendritic cell (DC)
  - conventional dendritic cells, 94, 96
  - functional overview, 94–95, 122
  - immunotherapy, 289–290
  - intestine, 97
  - lung, 97
  - migratory dendritic cells, 96
  - monocyte-derived dendritic cells, 97–98
  - plasmacytoid dendritic cells, 94
  - skin, 96
  - vaccination, 290
- Dermatophytes
  - genera, 467
  - genome features and analysis, 469, 472–474
  - mycobiome analysis of skin, 469–470
  - overview, 470
  - phylogenetic relationships, 468
  - skin diseases
    - overview, 467–469
    - species and epidemiology, 471–472
    - treatment, 472
- Diabetes, mucormycosis risks, 485
- Diagnosis, fungal infection
  - antigen detection
    - advantage sand limitations, 266
    - cryptoccosis, 264–265
    - galactomannan, 265–266
    - pan-fungal detection of  $\beta$ -glucan, 266
  - black fungi, 529–530
  - entomophthoramycosis, 505–506
  - molecular diagnostics
    - challenges, 263–264
    - culture-based methods, 260–262
    - non-culture-based methods, 258–260
    - proteomics, 262–263
  - overview, 257–258
  - prospects, 255–267
  - sample collection, 258
  - serology, 258–259
- Dimorphism. *See Thermally dimorphic fungi*
- DLH1*, 79

DOCK8, deficiency and fungal infection susceptibility, 153

Drug development. *See also specific drugs*  
challenges, 275  
clinical needs, 274–275  
clinical trials

candidiasis  
overview, 352–353  
prospects, 353

cryptococcosis  
overview, 350–351  
prospects, 351–352

endemic fungi infection, 356–358

invasive aspergillosis  
overview, 354–355  
prospects, 355

historical perspective, 274

infection classification, 272

overview of current therapies, 272–274

pharmacodynamics. *See Pharmacodynamics,*  
antifungals

pharmacokinetics. *See Pharmacokinetics,*  
antifungals

process and new approaches, 275–278

prospects, 281

targets and molecular scaffolds, 278–280

Drug resistance. *See also specific drugs and organisms*

*Aspergillus* sexual reproduction role, 53

biofilm extracellular matrix

*Aspergillus* drug resistance, 173–174

*Candida*

drug resistance role, 170–171

eDNA in drug resistance, 173

mechanisms

assessment, 364–365

azoles

biofilms, 371

chromosomal abnormalities, 370

efflux, 367–368

Erg11 substitutions and alterations, 364,  
366–367

Hsp90, 372

MDR expression regulation, 368–370

messenger RNA stability, 372–373

mitochondrial defects, 370–372

multiple mechanisms, 371

uptake, 367

echinocandins

adaptive cellular factors, 374

biofilms, 374

cell integrity circuit, 376–377

chitin synthase, 374–376

FKS substitutions and polymorphisms,  
373–374

Hsp90, 376

prospects for study, 377

DTRK3, 226

Dur31, 238, 367

Dutch elm disease, 201

## E

E1210, 279

Eap1, 168

EC. *See* Epithelial cell

Echinocandin, structure, 273

EDA-IE. *See* Anhidrotic ectodermal dysplasia with immunodeficiency

eDNA, biofilms and eDNA in drug resistance, 173

Eed1, 207

*EFG1*, 420–421

Efg1, 169, 203, 207–208, 244, 420

Ena1, 402

Endothelial cell, *Candida* invasion, 122–123

*ENO1*, 242

Entomophthoromycota. *See also Basidiobolus;*

*Conidiobolus*

ecology, 496–497

epidemiology, 496–497

life cycle, 499

overview, 3–4, 494–495

taxonomy, 495–498, 500

Enumafungin, 279

Enzyme immunoassay, diagnostics, 259

EPA genes, 420–421

*Epidermophyton*, 8

Epithelial cell (EC)

*Candida* invasion, 119–122

innate immunity, 123

*ERG11*, 83, 85

*ERG25*, 400

Erg3, 367, 372

*Erg11*, 277, 280, 364, 366–367, 370–371, 377, 391, 492

*Exophiala*, 24, 524–525

*Exophiala dermatitidis*, 14, 525

*Exophiala oligosperma*, 525

*Exophiala spinifera*, 525

*Exophiala xenobiotica*, 525

*Exserohilum*, 525

*Exserohilum longirostratum*, 525

*Exserohilum mcginnisii*, 525

*Exserohilum rostratum*, 525

## F

*Falciformispora*, 525

*Falciformispora senegalensis*, 525

*Falciformispora tompkinsii*, 525

Fbp1, 241

*FCA1*, 367

*FCY2*, 367

*FCY22*, 367

## Index

- FCY23*, 367  
Ferricocin, 246  
Fet3, 246  
FK506, mucormycosis management, 489–490  
FKS, substitutions and polymorphisms in drug resistance, 373–374  
*FKS1*, 171–172, 373–374, 376, 420  
*FKS2*, 373, 376, 420  
Flo8, 203  
Fluconazole  
  candidiasis management, 338–341, 352  
  combination therapy, 277–278  
  *Cryptococcus* treatment, 342, 351  
  endemic fungi infection management, 357  
  mechanism of action, 273, 277  
  pharmacodynamics, 310  
  structure, 273  
Flucytosine  
  black fungus management, 530  
  candidiasis management, 341, 351  
  clinical implications, 309  
  concentration effect, pharmacodynamic index, and target, 308–309  
  *Cryptococcus* treatment, 342  
  uptake, 367  
5-Fluorocytosine. *See* Flucytosine  
Folliculitis, *Malassezia* role, 477  
*Fonsecaea*, 525–526  
*Fonsecaea monophora*, 525  
*Fonsecaea pedrosoi*, 525  
*Fonsecaea rubrica*, 525  
FsC, 246  
Ftr1, 246  
*Fusarium*, 14, 31  
*Fusarium oxysporum*, 14  
*Fusarium solani*, 14
- G**
- GAL1*, 241  
Gal4, 241  
*GAL7*, 241  
*GAL10*, 241  
Galactomannan, diagnostics, 265–266  
Galactosaminogalactan, 224–225  
*GAP1*, 239  
Gap1, 197  
*GAP2*, 239  
Gastrointestinal tract, innate immunity, 124  
Gat1, 247  
Gat201, 66, 185  
Gat204, 66, 185  
GATA2, mutations and fungal infection susceptibility, 150  
*GCA1*, 172  
*GCA2*, 172
- GCN4*, 240  
Gcn4, 244, 248  
Gcr1, 241  
Gcr2, 241  
Genito-urinary tract, innate immunity, 124  
Ggt1, 246  
Gic1, 199  
Gic2, 199  
Glucan synthesis, therapeutic targeting, 274, 277–278, 280, 364, 488  
Glucuronoxylomannan, diagnostics, 264  
Glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI), therapeutic targeting, 278–279  
Gpa2, 203  
GPI. *See* Glycosylphosphatidylinositol  
Gpr1, 203  
GRACE, 70  
GRP78, 228, 486–487  
*GWT1*, 279–280
- H**
- Hap3, 247  
Hap5, 247  
Haploinsufficiency profiling (HOP), 281  
HapX, 246–247  
Hda1, 204, 207  
Heat intolerance, pathogenic fungi, 2  
Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT), invasive aspergillosis, 440  
HER2, 221  
*Herpotrichiellaceae*, 518–519, 523  
*Heterobasidion annosum*, 26  
High osmolarity glycerol response (HOG), 400–401  
*Histoplasma*, 4–6, 24, 31  
*Histoplasma capsulatum*  
  amino acid metabolism, 240  
  antibody therapy, 287  
  B-cell immunity, 107–109  
  dendritic cell response, 94, 96  
  diagnosis, 259, 265–266  
  evolution, 27, 31  
  innate immunity, 130  
  iron metabolism, 246  
  macrophage engulfment, survival, and replication, 187–188  
  morphogenesis, 201–202, 205  
  overview, 4–7  
  pattern recognition receptors, 100–101  
  T-cell immunity, 102–107  
  thermal dimorphism, 454–456  
HIV/AIDS  
  cryptococcal meningoencephalitis treatment, 339, 342  
  *Cryptococcus* infection, 47, 185, 265, 285, 292, 342, 344, 350–352, 357, 388, 420  
  mucormycosis, 485

- opportunistic infection trends, 272, 285, 351  
oral mycobiome, 556–557  
*Paracoccidioides brasiliensis* infection, 456  
*Pneumocystis* pneumonia. *See Pneumocystis pneumonia*  
transmission, 15  
vaccination, 292  
*HOG*. *See High osmolarity glycerol response*  
*Hog1*, 182, 204, 402  
*Holleya sinecauda*, 201  
*HOP*. *See Haploinsufficiency profiling*  
*HOP1*, 79  
*Hortaea*, 526  
*Hortaea werneckii*, 526  
*HSCT*. *See Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation*  
*Hsp90*, drug resistance  
    azoles, 372  
    echinocandins, 376  
*HWPI*, 165, 169, 202  
Hydroxyferricrocin, 246  
Hyphae. *See also Morphogenesis*  
    *Aspergillus*, 13  
    biofilms, 166  
    *Cryptococcus neoformans* reproduction in formation, 42–43  
    dimorphism. *See Thermally dimorphic fungi*  
    infection role, 2–3  
    melanization. *See Black fungi*  
*Hyr1*, 164, 202
- I**
- IA. *See Invasive aspergillosis*  
*ICL1*, 241–243  
ICP. *See Intracranial pressure*  
*Ifd6*, 371  
IFN- $\gamma$ . *See Interferon- $\gamma$*   
IL-2. *See Interleukin-2*  
IL-12. *See Interleukin-12*  
IL-17. *See Interleukin-17*  
ILC. *See Innate lymphoid cell*  
Immune reconstitution syndrome (IRS), 330, 344  
Immunodiffusion, diagnostics, 259  
Immunotherapy  
    antibody therapy, 286–289  
    dendritic cell immunotherapy, 289–290  
Infection susceptibility  
    anhidrotic ectodermal dysplasia with immunodeficiency, 153  
    APECED, 150–151  
    chronic granulomatous disease, 141, 146  
    cytokine signaling disorders  
        interferon- $\gamma$ , 147  
        interleukin-2, 148  
        interleukin-12, 147  
        interleukin-17, 147–148  
    Dectin-1–CARD9 signaling defects, 152–153  
    DOCK8 deficiency, 153  
    GATA2 mutations, 150  
    interferon regulatory factor 8 mutations, 151–152  
    myeloperoxidase deficiency, 146–147  
    overview of primary immunodeficiencies, 139–145  
    prospects for study, 154–155  
    STAT1 mutations, 149–150  
    STAT3 mutations, 148–149  
    STK4/MST1 mutation, 154  
    TYK2 deficiency, 153  
Inflammasome, innate immunity, 129–130  
Inflammatory bowel disease, mycobiome, 558–560  
*InlA*, 221  
Innate lymphoid cell (ILC), functional overview, 122–123  
Interferon regulatory factor 8 (IRF8), mutations and fungal infection susceptibility, 151–152  
Interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ), signaling defects and fungal infection susceptibility, 147  
Interleukin-2 (IL-2), 148  
Interleukin-12 (IL-12), signaling defects and fungal infection susceptibility, 147  
Interleukin-17 (IL-17)  
    innate immunity, 128–129  
    signaling defects and fungal infection susceptibility, 147–148  
Intracranial pressure (ICP), elevation management, 343  
Invasive aspergillosis (IA)  
    antifungal clinical trials  
        overview, 354–355  
        prospects, 355  
    clinical presentation, 439–440  
    diagnosis, 440–441  
    drug development  
        overview, 354–355  
        prospects, 355  
    drug resistance. *See Drug resistance*  
    ecology, 433  
    epidemiology, 440  
    history of study, 431–432  
    laboratory identification and biology, 433–436  
    pathogenesis, 436–439  
    taxonomy and nomenclature of pathogens, 432–433  
    treatment, 441–442  
IRF8. *See Interferon regulatory factor 8*  
Iron  
    assimilation, 245–246  
    homeostasis regulation, 246–247  
IRS. *See Immune reconstitution syndrome*  
Itraconazole  
    adverse effects, 328  
    black fungus management, 530–531  
    candidiasis management, 338  
    endemic fungi infection management, 356–357  
    entomophthoromycosis management, 506

## Index

### K

Ketoconazole, endemic fungi infection management, 356–357  
KI. *See* Potassium iodide  
*Knufia*, 526  
*Knufia epidermidis*, 526  
KRE6, 280

### L

*Lacazia*, 7  
*Lacazia loboi*, 4  
Las17, 199  
*LDF1*, 188  
*Legionella pneumophila*, 185  
*Leptosphaeria*, 525  
*LFD6*, 172  
*Lichtheimia*  
  genome studies, 493–494  
  mucormycosis. *See* Mucormycosis  
LOH. *See* Loss of heterozygosity  
Loss of heterozygosity (LOH)  
  aneuploidy, 84–86  
  drug resistance role, 370  
Lung transplantation, lung mycobiome, 558  
*LYPI*, 188

### M

*MAC1*, 399  
Macrophage  
  functional overview, 121–122, 179–180  
  pathogen survival and replication  
    *Aspergillus fumigatus*, 184–185  
    *Candida*, 180–184  
    *Coccidioides*, 186–187  
    *Cryptococcus*, 185–186  
    *Histoplasma capsulatum*, 187–188  
*Madurella*, 526  
*Madurella grisea*, 526  
*Madurella mycetomatis*, 526  
*Malassezia*  
  evolution, 25  
  genome features, 469  
  innate immunity, 101, 127  
  morphogenesis, 201  
  mycobiome analysis of skin, 469–470  
  overview, 474–475  
  phylogenetic relationships, 468  
  skin diseases  
    atopic dermatitis, 475–476  
    dandruff, 475  
    folliculitis, 477  
    overview, 467–469  
    pathogenesis, 477–478  
     pityriasis versicolor, 476–477  
psoriasis, 477  
seborrheic dermatitis, 475, 477  
*Malassezia globosa*, 32  
*Malassezia sympodialis*, 32  
Manganese, transport, 247  
Mannose receptor (MR), pathogen recognition, 101–102, 127–128  
*MAT*, 75  
*MAT1-1*, 51–52, 75  
*MAT1-2*, 51–52, 75  
*MATα*, 388, 391  
MCL, pathogen recognition, pathogen recognition, 101  
*MCM7*, 435  
*MDH1*, 242  
MDR, expression in azole resistance  
  *cis*-acting elements, 368  
  overview, 368  
  *trans*-acting elements, 368–370  
*Medicopsis*, 526  
Melanin  
  *Cryptococcus* capsule melanization, 397  
  pathogens. *See* Black fungi  
Mendelian susceptibility to mycobacterial disease (MSMD), 147  
*MEP1*, 238  
*MEP2*, 238–239  
Meristospore, 498  
Metabolism. *See* Carbon assimilation; Iron; Nitrogen assimilation; Zinc  
*Mfa1*, 48  
*Mfα1*, 48  
MFS transporters, 368  
MIC. *See* Minimum inhibitory concentration  
*Micafungin*, 340, 374  
*Microsporum*, 8, 31  
*Mid1*, 206  
*Mig1*, 241  
Mincle, pathogen recognition, 101, 127  
Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC)  
  echinocandins, 311–312  
  efficacy predictions, 304–306  
  flucytosine, 309  
  overview, 300–303  
  polyenes, 307–308  
  triazoles, 309–310  
*MK-3118*, 279  
*Mkc1*, 172, 376  
*MLS1*, 242  
*Mls1*, 243  
*Mod5*, 198  
Molecular phylogenetics, fungus evolution, 24–26  
Monocyte  
  functional overview, 121–122  
  pathogen interactions, 97–98  
*Monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL)*, vaccine adjuvant, 293–294

- Morphogenesis  
community development, 207–209  
cytoskeleton, 198  
dimorphism. *See* Thermally dimorphic fungi  
evolution, 197  
fungal life cycle, 206–207  
hyphae  
contact sensing, 206  
nutritional and environmental signal sensing, 202–206  
overview, 195–196  
quorum sensing, 206  
transcriptional regulation, 206  
niche adaptation and fungal virulence, 200–202  
polarization, 193–195  
positional markers, 198–199  
prospects for study, 209  
signal transduction, 199–200  
vesicle trafficking, 197–198  
yeast  
Ascomycetes, 196  
Basidiomycetes, 196–197
- Mpk1, 400, 402
- MPL. *See* Monophosphoryl lipid A
- MPO. *See* Myeloperoxidase
- MR. *See* Mannose receptor
- MRR1, 86, 369
- MSMD. *See* Mendelian susceptibility to mycobacterial disease
- MST1, mutation and fungal infection susceptibility, 154
- MTL, 47, 49, 167, 419
- Mucorales, 14–15, 25, 227–229, 484–485, 490
- Mucor circiloenoides*, 15, 493–494
- Mucormycosis  
genome studies  
*Lichtheimia*, 493–494  
miscellaneous genomes, 494  
*Mucor circiloenoides*, 493  
*Rhizopus*, 490–493
- host–pathogen interactions, 486–487
- pathogens, 484–485
- susceptibility factors, 485–486
- treatment  
combination therapy, 488–489  
iron chelation therapy, 489–490  
monotherapy, 487–488  
overview, 487
- Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, 5, 101
- Mycobiome  
*Candida vaginosis*, 560  
*Clostridium difficile* diarrhea, 558–560  
development in humans, 555–556  
inflammatory bowel disease, 558–560  
lung mycobiome and lung transplantation, 558  
mapping, 554–555  
oral mycobiome and HIV, 556–558
- prospects, 560  
skin, 469–470, 554
- Mycosphaerella graminicola*, 33, 201
- MyD88, 125
- Myeloperoxidase (MPO), deficiency and fungal infection susceptibility, 146–147
- N**
- NADPH oxidase, defects and fungal infection susceptibility, 141, 146
- Natural killer (NK) cell  
functional overview, 122  
invariant cells, 122–123
- Nectria*, 14
- NEMO, 154
- Neosartorya fumigata*, 51
- Neosartorya udagawae*, 52, 146
- Neoscytalidium*, 526–527
- Neoscytalidium dimidiatum*, 526
- Neotestudina*, 24
- NET. *See* Neutrophil extracellular trap
- Neurospora*, 29, 31
- Neurospora crassa*, 26, 28, 34
- Neutrophil, functional overview, 121
- Neutrophil extracellular trap (NET), 121, 438
- NGT1*, 205
- NGT2*, 205
- Nitrogen assimilation  
host niches, 237–239  
overview, 236–237  
peptide and amino acid transporters, 237  
proteases, 237  
regulation, 239–240
- NK cell. *See* Natural killer cell
- NLRC4, 130
- NLRP3, 130
- Nod-like receptors, 129–130
- NRG1*, 203–204, 206
- nsdD, 52
- NSF, 198
- O**
- Ochoconis*, 527
- Ofd1, 204
- Onygenales, 4–8, 24
- Ophiocordyceps*, 24
- Ophiostoma*, 53
- Ophiostoma ulmi*, 201
- Oropharyngeal candidiasis, 129
- OXR1*, 188
- P**
- Paecilomyces lilacinus*, 146
- Paecilomyces variotii*, 146

## Index

- PAFE. *See* Postantifungal effect
- Paracoccidioides*, 7, 10, 31
- Paracoccidioides brasiliensis*
- amino acid metabolism, 240
  - dendritic cell immunotherapy, 290
  - innate immunity, 121
  - morphogenesis, 201
  - overview, 4
  - T-cell immunity, 102
  - thermal dimorphism, 456–457
- Paracoccidioides lutzii*, 4
- Parnafungin A, 279
- Pattern recognition receptors. *See specific receptors*
- Pbs2, 204
- PBX1, 67
- PBX2, 67
- Pck1, 241
- Pcl103, 197
- PcMei2, 548
- PCP. *See Pneumocystis pneumonia*
- PCR. *See Polymerase chain reaction*
- PcRan1, 548
- PDR transporters, 367, 369–370
- PDR1, 420
- Penicillium*, 24, 30
- Penicillium marneffei*
- evolution, 27
  - morphogenesis, 201
  - overview, 5
  - thermal dimorphism, 458–460
- Pes1, 207
- PFK2, 242–243
- Phaeoacremonium*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium alvesii*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium amstelodamense*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium griseorubrum*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium inflatipes*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium krajdenii*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium parasiticum*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium rubrigenum*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium tardicrescens*, 527
- Phaeoacremonium venezuelense*, 527
- Pharmacodynamics, antifungals
- animal models, 301
  - combination therapy analysis, 312–313
  - echinocandins
    - clinical implications, 312
    - concentration effect, pharmacodynamic index, and target, 311–312
  - experimental measures and predictions, 301–307
  - flucytosine
    - clinical implications, 309
    - concentration effect, pharmacodynamic index, and target, 308–309
  - in vitro studies, 300–301
  - polyenes
    - amphotericin B lipid formulations, 307–308
    - clinical implications, 308
    - concentration effect, pharmacodynamic index, and target, 307
  - triazoles
    - clinical implications, 310–311
    - concentration effect, pharmacodynamic index, and target, 309–310

### Pharmacokinetics, antifungals

- animal models, 301
- combination therapy analysis, 312–313
- epithelial lining fluid measurements, 299–300
- experimental measures and predictions, 301–307
- in vitro studies, 300–301

### *Phialophora*, 527

### *Phialophora europaea*, 527

### *Phoma*, 527–528

### Phospholamban (PLB), 186

### Phospholipase B, 398

### Phospholipase D (PLD), 225

### *Phosphoraceae*, 519

### *Phosphoraceae europaea*, 520

### Phr1, 172

### Pityriasis versicolor (PV), *Malassezia* role, 476–477

### PKA. *See* Protein kinase A

### PKC. *See* Protein kinase C

### PLB. *See* Phospholamban

### *PLB1*, 398

### PLD. *See* Phospholipase D

### Ploidy change. *See also* Aneuploidy

- overview, 73–75

#### sexual reproduction mediation

endoreduplication and mitotic collapse, 79–80

meiosis versus parsex, 78–79

overview, 75–76

parasexual reproduction mediation, 76–78

### *Pneumocystis*

#### epidemiology, 540

evolution, 24

history of study, 539

innate immunity, 104

life cycle, 540–541

morphology, 541–542

systematic position within Fungi, 540

unique features, 546–547

virulence factors and drug targets, 547–548

### *Pneumocystis carinii*

biofilm, 162

innate immunity, 126–127

life cycle, 541

morphology, 542

### *Pneumocystis jirovecii*

cell invasion, 228–229

morphology, 542

overview, 7, 14, 540–542

- Pneumocystis murina*  
biofilm, 162  
innate immunity, 122  
life cycle, 541  
morphology, 542
- Pneumocystis pneumonia* (PCP)  
animal models, 544–545  
diagnosis, 543  
epidemiology, 540  
pathogenesis, 543–546  
treatment, 543
- Polarity. *See* Morphogenesis
- Polymerase chain reaction (PCR), diagnostics, 259–262, 264
- Population genetics  
*Cryptococcus neoformans* reproduction studies, 45–47  
fungus evolution, 26–30
- Population genomics, fungus evolution, 32–35
- Posaconazole  
candidiasis management, 338  
indications, 274  
pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, 327–328  
structure, 273
- Postantifungal effect (PAFE), 302, 307, 309
- Potassium iodide (KI), entomophthoromycosis management, 506–507
- PRA1*, 247
- PRB1*, 239
- PRB2*, 239
- PRC1*, 239
- Protein kinase A (PKA)  
high osmolarity glycerol response, 400–401  
morphogenesis role, 203–205
- Protein kinase C (PKC)  
biofilm formation role, 172–173  
high osmolarity glycerol response, 400–401
- Proteomics, diagnostics, 262–263
- Pseudallescheria*, 24
- Pseudoallescheria boydii*, 14
- Pseudochaetosphaeronema*, 528
- Pseudochaetosphaeronema larense*, 528
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, biofilm, 166, 168
- Psoriasis, *Malassezia* role, 477
- Ptp2*, 204
- Ptp3*, 204
- PV. *See* Pityriasis versicolor
- PYK1*, 242–243
- Pyrenophaeta*, 528
- Pyrenophaeta keratinophila*, 528
- Pyrenophaeta mackinnonii*, 528
- Pyrenophaeta romeroi*, 528
- Pyrenophaeta unguis-hominis*, 528
- Pythium insidiosum*, 25
- Q**
- Quorum sensing, hyphal morphogenesis, 206
- R**
- RAC1*, 199–200
- RAC2*, 199–200
- Ramichloridium*, 14
- Ras1*, 199, 203, 206–208
- Ras2*, 203
- Rax1*, 198
- Rax2*, 198
- Reproduction, sexual  
*Aspergillus fumigatus*  
drug resistance role, 53  
other *Aspergillus* species, 521  
overview, 51  
pathogen population biology significance, 52–53  
sexual cycle, 51–52
- Candida albicans* parasexual reproduction, 47–51
- Cryptococcus neoformans* a- $\alpha$  opposite sex bisexual reproduction  
genetic hybrid studies, 44  
monokaryotic fruiting, 43  
overview, 42  
population genetics studies, 45–47  
unisexual reproduction, 43–44  
virulence links, 47
- overview, 41–42
- ploidy change mediation  
endoreduplication and mitotic collapse, 79–80  
meiosis versus parasex, 78–79  
overview, 75–76  
parasexual reproduction mediation, 76–78  
prospects for study, 53–54
- Respiratory tract, innate immunity, 124
- RHAMM*, 227
- Rhinocladiella*, 528
- Rhinocladiella aquaspersa*, 528
- Rhinocladiella basitona*, 528
- Rhinocladiella similis*, 528
- Rhinosporidium*, 25
- Rhizopus*, 15, 25. *See also* Mucormycosis
- Rhizopus delemar*, 492–493
- Rhizopus microsporus*, 491, 493
- Rhizopus oryzae*, 15, 485–486, 488, 492–493
- Rhizopus stolonifer*, 491
- Rho1*, 195, 199
- Rho101*, 197
- Rho104*, 197
- Ribosomal DNA  
diagnostics, 261  
molecular phylogenetics, 24
- Rim20*, 205
- Rim21*, 205
- Rim101*, 197, 247

## Index

- RLM1*, 172  
*Rlm1*, 374  
*RodA*, 224  
*RPB1*, 435  
*RPB2*, 435  
*RPM1*, 170  
*Rtt109*, 548
- S**
- Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, 10  
carbon assimilation, 241–242  
cross-species genetic interaction mapping, 67  
dendritic cell response, 96  
evolution, 26–29, 33  
genome profiling  
functional annotation, 63–64  
libraries, 62–63  
systematic approach, 63  
morphogenesis, 197–199, 452  
ploidy change, 73–75, 79, 82–82  
reproduction, 47  
*Saccharomyces paradoxus*, 33  
*Sap2*, 237, 293  
*Scedosporium anamorphs*, 14  
*SCH B*, 278–279  
*Schizophyllum commune*, 26  
*Schizosaccharomyces pombe*  
morphogenesis, 197–198  
ploidy change, 73–75  
*SCID*. *See* Severe combined immunodeficiency  
*Scp1*, 400  
*SD*. *See* Seborrheic dermatitis  
*Seborrheic dermatitis (SD)*, *Malassezia* role, 475, 477  
*SEC6*, 399  
*Sef1*, 246  
*SET3*, 419  
Severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID), 148  
Sexual reproduction. *See* Reproduction, sexual  
*SFL1*, 183  
*SFL2*, 419  
*Sfu1*, 246  
*SID1*, 188  
*SID3*, 188  
*SID4*, 188  
*Sit1*, 246, 399  
Skin  
diseases. *See specific diseases and pathogens*  
innate immunity, 123–124  
*Slt2*, 376  
*SMI1*, 172  
*Smi1*, 374  
*Snf5*, 69  
*SNQ2*, 367  
*SOD1*, 186  
*Sod1*, 183
- Sod4*, 183  
*SOK1*, 206  
*SOU1*, 83  
*SOWgp*, 187, 454  
*SPA*, 438  
*Spa2*, 207  
*SPD*, 438  
*Sporothrix*, 24  
*Sporothrix schenckii*  
overview, 5  
cell invasion, 229  
thermal dimorphism, 457–458  
*SrcA*, 246  
*SRE1*, 400  
*SreA*, 247  
*SREBP*, pathway in *Cryptococcus neoformans* virulence, 66–67  
*Ssa1*, 221–222  
*Ssk2*, 204  
*Ssy5*, 239  
*Staphylococcus aureus*, 168, 260  
*STAT1*, mutations and fungal infection susceptibility, 149–150  
*STAT3*, 129, 148–149  
*STK4*, mutation and fungal infection susceptibility, 154  
*Stp1*, 239  
*Stp2*, 238–239  
Surfactant protein D, 229  
Susceptibility. *See* Infection susceptibility
- T**
- TAC1*, 77, 85–86, 368, 370–371  
*TAFC*, 246  
*Talaromyces marneffei*. *See* *Penicillium marneffei*  
*Tapesia yallundae*, 53  
T cell  
CD8 T cells, 107  
regulatory T cells, 106–107  
Th1 immunity, 102–103  
Th2 immunity, 103–104  
Th17 immunity, 104–106  
*Tea1*, 198  
Terbinafine, black fungus management, 530  
*TGF-β*. *See* Transforming growth factor-β  
Thermally dimorphic fungi  
overview, 449–450, 452  
origins, 449–451  
phylogenetic analysis of pathogens, 451  
*Blastomyces dermatitidis*, 452–453  
*Coccidioides immitis*, 453–454  
*Coccidioides posadasii*, 453–454  
*Histoplasma capsulatum*, 454–456  
*Paracoccidioides brasiliensis*, 456–457  
*Sporothrix schenckii*, 457–458  
*Penicillium marneffei*, 458–460

- TLR. *See* Toll-like receptor  
TNF- $\alpha$ . *See* Tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$   
Toll-like receptor (TLR), overview, 98–99, 125–126  
*TPK1*, 168  
*Tpk1*, 203  
*Tpk2*, 203  
Transforming growth factor- $\beta$  (TGF- $\beta$ ), cell invasion enhancement, 228–229  
Treatment principles, mold infection  
    acute versus chronic treatment, 330  
    adverse effects of antifungal drugs, 328–329  
    *Candida*. *See* *Candida* treatment principles  
    *Cryptococcus*. *See* *Cryptococcus* treatment principles  
    early diagnosis, 329  
    epidemiology in local area, 329  
    evidence-based treatment guidelines, 331–332  
    immunosuppression level of patient, 330  
    multidisciplinary approach, 330–331  
    overview, 323–324  
    pathogenesis and natural history of infection, 325–326  
    pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, 326–328  
    spectrum of activity of antifungal drugs, 324  
*Trematospaeria*, 528–529  
*Trematospaeria grisea*, 528  
*Trichophyton*, 8, 24, 31, 124  
*Trichophyton rubrum*, 29, 202  
*Trichosporon*, 25  
Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole, *Pneumocystis pneumonia* management, 543  
*TSR1*, 435  
Tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ ), fungus immune response, 102  
*Tup1*, 244, 247  
TYK2, deficiency and fungal infection susceptibility, 153
- U**
- ubi4*, 239  
*Ubr1*, 206  
*Umbelopsis ramananii*, 494  
*UME6*, 419–420  
*Ume6*, 204, 207  
*Uncinocarpus reesii*, 31  
*UPC2*, 85  
*URA3*, 68  
*URE1*, 186, 398–399  
*Ure1*, 226  
*Urease*, 238, 398–399, 454  
*Ustilago maydis*, 201, 207
- V**
- Vaccination  
    attenuated vaccines, 291–292  
    conjugate vaccines, 293–294  
    dendritic cell vaccination, 290  
    killed vaccines, 291–292  
    overview, 291  
    recombinant protein vaccines, 292–293  
Valley fever, 186  
*Veronaea*, 529  
*Veronaea botrysa*, 529  
*Verruconis*, 529  
*Verticillium*, 201  
Virulence factors, criteria for pathogenicity, 2–3  
Vomocytosis, 186  
Voriconazole  
    adverse effects, 328–329  
    black fungus management, 531  
    candidiasis management, 338–340  
    invasive aspergillosis management, 355–356, 442  
    mechanism of action, 273–274  
    mucormycosis management, 488  
    pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, 327  
    structure, 273  
Vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC), 125, 560  
VVC. *See* Vulvovaginal candidiasis
- X**
- Xog1*, 172
- Y**
- YAP1*, 183  
*Yap1*, 207, 438  
*YHB1*, 183  
*Yps3*, 6, 202, 455
- Z**
- ZAP1*, 399  
*Zap1*, 172, 371  
*ZCF39*, 419  
Zinc, assimilation, 247–248  
*Znf2*, 209  
*ZO-1*, 226  
*ZrfC*, 247  
*Zrt1*, 247  
Zygosporae, 498